LEAGUE OF NATIONS

TRAFFIC IN OPIUM AND OTHER DANGEROUS DRUGS.

ANNUAL REPORTS BY GOVERNMENTS FOR 1944.

NIGERIA.

Communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom.

Note by the Acting Secretary-General.

In accordance with Article 21 of the Convention of 1931 for limiting the Manufacture and regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs, the Acting Secretary-General has the honour to communicate the above-mentioned report to the parties to the Convention. The report is also communicated to other States and to the Advisory Committee on Traffic in Opium and other Dangerous Drugs.

(For the form of annual reports, see document O.C.1600).

A. GENERAL.

I. Laws and Publications:

No new legislation was published to effect further changes in Dangerous Drugs Ordinance of 1935 and Amendment No. 33 of 1937.

II. Administration:

1. Since May 1942, the Government undertook the sole import and distribution of Narcotic Drugs.

2. No cases of addiction to Narcotic Drugs reported.

III. Control of International Trade:

The system of Import Certificate and Import Authorisation continues to work satisfactorily. All export Authorisations received were duly returned in pursuance of Article 13, para. 5, of the Geneva Convention of 1925.

IV. International Co-operation:

No international agreements have been made.

V. Illicit Trade:

No cases have been reported.

P.T.O.
VI. Other Information:

None.

B. Raw Materials.

VII. Raw Opium. VIII. Coca Leaf. IX. Indian Hemp.

No opium or Coca Leaves are grown in Nigeria. Indian Hemp is not grown or cultivated in Nigeria. That employed is imported in the form of a galenical preparation for medical use.

C. Manufactured Drugs.

X. Internal Control of Manufactured Drugs:

1. None are manufactured.
2. Licences. (a) and (b). None.
4. Trade and Distribution:
   (a) (1) Medical Practitioners registered under the Medical Practitioners and Dentists Ordinance, and Veterinary Surgeons.
   (2) Licensed Chemists and Druggists registered under the Poisons and Pharmacy Ordinance.
   (b) Provision is made in the Poisons and Pharmacy Ordinance for a Government Medical Officer to enter any premises to inspect, to test and examine the drugs and poisons therein and to inspect the "Disposal of Poison Book" kept by the selling Dispenser, Chemist and Druggist.

D. Other Questions.

XI - XIII. None arise.