

Communicated to the
Council and Members
of the League.)

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

APPEAL FROM THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT UNDER ARTICLE XI
OF THE COVENANT.

The following two telegrams from the National Govern-
ment of China are submitted for consideration to the
Council.

No. 1.

Text of cablegram received by the Chinese Delegation,
dated Nanking September twenty first 1931.

Kirin Changchun railway seized: Japanese announced it will
be managed by South Manchurian Railway which latter has sent
130 employees to Kirin to take over Chinese line, Yingkow,
Antung, Changchun, Fushun, and many other towns have been
seized by Japanese who have cut all telegraph, telephone and
wireless, hence difficult for Government to get complete
news. Japanese stock exchange in Tokio has closed. Japa-
nese troops also seized Huangkutun, Santungchiao, and seized
railway quarters Peking, Mukden Railway there, outdriving all
employees. Also seized many locomotives, cars belonging
railway. On entering Mukden Japanese have seized besides
chief of staff eleven important members Fengtein provincial
government. They have entered Marshal Chang Hsueliang
private residence and have systematically looted all con-
tents. Leinshanwan occupied by Japanese marines. Japanese
military administration of Kwantung has moved into Mukden.
Two more divisions being sent into Manchuria from Korea.

United Press report today from Mukden inter alia "with Japa-
nese in complete control of communication throughout South
Manchuria today disquieting reports were current regarding
disturbances and possibility of conflict. With difficulty
are propaganda, unfounded rumour being sifted from welter of

Japanese reports official and unofficial at present virtually all news from this area of crisis emanates from Japanese sources.

Text of a cablegram received by the Chinese Delegation dated Nanking, September twenty-first, 1931.

Special to China press from Peiping twentieth "various reports received here from different centres in Manchuria indicate that by far greater destruction of Chinese property and lives took place at Changchun which city it is feared now half in ruins. Following bombardment of city by Japanese troops last evening fire broke out in several sections and a later despatch received here this afternoon states that while Japanese are in complete control of situation there, conflagration continues unchecked. Magistrates office, bureau of foreign affairs, bureau public safety and several other public buildings have gone up in flames while numerous other small private buildings have likewise been rased to ground. Death toll includes Brigadier Commander Fu whose unit was garrisoning Changchun and vicinity at time of Japanese invasion. Approximate casualties among Chinese soldiers and civilians estimates 600 while over one thousand now under detention by Japanese military. Entire region Wanpaashan has been occupied by Japanese troops How Yung Teh who leased his holdings to Korean farmers and who was for some time storm centre of Wanpaashan controversy has been liberated by Japanese authorities now in control of Changchun. Changchun Commissioner public safety special border guards commander Chairman preparatory municipal committee and several officials reported killed."